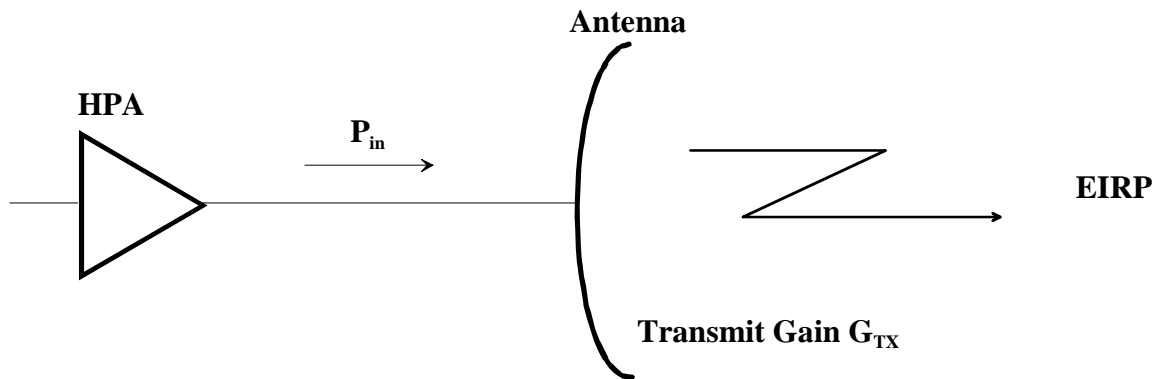


Maximum Allowed EIRP Density for Ku-Band Transmissions



$$1) \text{ EIRP} = P_{IN} + G_{TX} \Rightarrow P_{IN} = \text{EIRP} - G_{TX}$$

CASE A

The cross polarisation discrimination of the transmit antenna at the -1 dB contour of the main lobe is ≥ 35 dB

2) EESS 502 Specification for Transmit Gain (G_{TX} , expressed in dBi, Para. 4.1 refers):

29 - 25 Log θ	$\alpha^{*o} < \theta \leq 7^{\circ}$
+8	$7^{\circ} < \theta \leq 9.2^{\circ}$
32 - 25 Log θ	$9.2^{\circ} < \theta \leq 48^{\circ}$
-10	$48^{\circ} < \theta$

Note: $\alpha^{*} = 1^{\circ}$ or $100\lambda/D$ whichever is the greater, where D is the antenna diameter and λ is the carrier wavelength

3) EESS 502 Specification for maximum off-axis EIRP density at the 0 dB/K satellite reference contour and in the direction of an adjacent satellite (EIRP₀ density expressed in dBW/40 KHz, Para. 6.2 refers):

31 - 25 Log θ	$\alpha^{*o} < \theta \leq 7^{\circ}$
+10	$7^{\circ} < \theta \leq 9.2^{\circ}$
34 - 25 Log θ	$9.2^{\circ} < \theta \leq 48^{\circ}$
-8	$48^{\circ} < \theta$

4) Maximum Allowed Input Power Density to Antenna (for any antenna diameter)

$$\text{Pin density} = (31 - 25 \text{ Log } \theta) \text{ dBW/40kHz} - (29 - 25 \text{ Log } \theta) \text{ dBi} = \underline{2 \text{ dBW/40kHz}}$$

5) Example

For an antenna with a gain of 49 dBi (corresponding approximately to a 2.4 m dish-size) the maximum allowed EIRP density at the 0 dB/K satellite reference contour (EIRP0 density) is:

$$2 \text{ dBW/40 KHz} + 49 \text{ dBi} = 51 \text{ dBW/40 KHz}$$

Note: An antenna side lobe exceeding the specified transmit gain mask by e.g.:3 dB, would lead to a reduction of the above EIRP0 density value by 3 dB etc.

Case B

The cross polarisation discrimination of the transmit antenna at the -1 dB contour of the main lobe is < 35 dB

6) EESS 502 Specification for maximum allowed EIRP density at the 0 dB/K satellite reference contour (EIRP0 density expressed in dBW/4 KHz, Para. 4.2 refers):

Cross polarisation discrimination [dB]	EIRP0 density [dBW/4 KHz]
<35	39
34	38.6
33	38.2
32	37.8
31	37.4
30	37
29	36.4
28	35.8
27	35.2
26	34.6
25	34

7) If Case B applies, the maximum allowed EIRP density will be determined by the lower of the values calculated under case A and case B.

8) Example

For an antenna with a cross polarisation of 30 dB, for any antenna diameter, the maximum allowed EIRP density at the 0 dB/K satellite reference contour (EIRP0 density) is:

$$37 \text{ dBW/4 KHz} = 47 \text{ dBW/40 KHz}$$

For an antenna with a gain of 49 dBi (corresponding approximately to a 2.4 m dish-size)

$$\text{Pin density} = 47 - 49 = -2 \text{ dBW/40 KHz}$$